To ensure adequate protection of the rights under the Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. PAUL introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ___________________

A BILL

To ensure adequate protection of the rights under the Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Fourth Amendment Preservation and Protection Act of 2013”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that the right under the Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures is
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violated when the Federal Government or a State or local
government acquires information voluntarily relinquished
by a person to another party for a limited business pur-
pose without the express informed consent of the person
to the specific request by the Federal Government or a
State or local government or a warrant, upon probable
cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly
describing the place to be searched, and the persons or
things to be seized.

SEC. 3. DEFINITION.

In this Act, the term “system of records” means any
group of records from which information is retrieved by
the name of the individual or by some identifying number,
symbol, or other identifying particular associated with the
individual.

SEC. 4. PROHIBITION.

(a) In general.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), the Federal Government and a State or local govern-
ment is prohibited from obtaining or seeking to obtain in-
formation relating to an individual or group of individuals
held by a third-party in a system of records, and no such
information shall be admissible in a criminal prosecution
in a court of law.

(b) Exception.—The Federal Government or a
State or local government may obtain, and a court may
admit, information relating to an individual held by a third-party in a system of records if—

(1) the individual whose name or identification information the Federal Government or State or local government is using to access the information provides express and informed consent to the search; or

(2) the Federal Government or State or local government obtains a warrant, upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.